

# **Vector-borne Surveillance Report**

CDC WEEK 23: June 4-10, 2023



### Report Highlights:

- There have been no detections of West Nile virus (WNV), Eastern equine encephalitis (EEE), or Jamestown Canyon virus (JCV) in humans, mosquitoes, or animals this year.
- NJDOH began testing mosquitoes for arboviruses the week of May 15<sup>th</sup> and to date has tested mosquitoes submitted from 19 counties. No mosquito pools have tested positive.
- The number of N.J. chikungunya cases reported to date in 2023 is higher than the 2022 total due to an ongoing outbreak in South America.
- The number of tick-related emergency department visits is higher compared to this time last year, but below the 5-year average.
- The number of Lyme disease cases reported in 2023 is similar to 2022.

### **Vector-borne Disease Case Summary**

N.J.A.C.8:57 mandates public health reporting of communicable diseases. 2023 data reflect cases that have been approved by NJDOH and do not include cases under investigation. Due to the time needed for public health investigation, the number of tickborne diseases (with the exception of Lyme disease) may be significantly lower than actual counts and should be interpreted with caution. All 2023 numbers are preliminary and subject to change.

Mosquito-born	e diseases		Tickborne Diseases/Conditions			
	<b>2023</b> 2022			2023	2022	
Chikungunya	7	2	Alpha-gal syndrome	33	234	
Dengue	8	35	Anaplasmosis	27	125	
Eastern equine encephalitis	-	-	Babesiosis	10	292	
Jamestown Canyon	-	1	Borrelia miyamotoi	-	6	
Malaria	11	86	Ehrlichiosis (chaffeensis, ewingii)	6	115	
West Nile	-	20	Lyme disease*	2,305	5,897	
Zika	-	-	Powassan	-	2	
			Spotted fever group rickettsioses	4	35	
			Tularemia	-	1	

<sup>\*</sup> Lyme disease surveillance transitioned to laboratory-based surveillance in 2022.

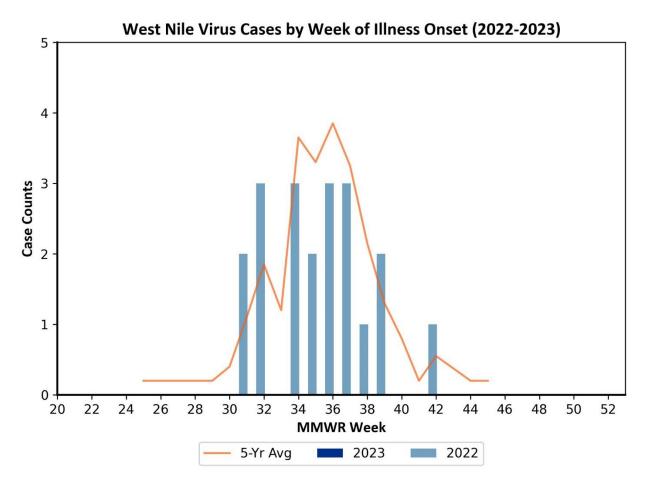
### **Mosquito-borne Disease Activity**

The New Jersey Department of Health Public Health and Environmental Laboratories (PHEL) performs arboviral testing on mosquito pools collected by county mosquito control agencies throughout New Jersey.\*

\*Test results may be incomplete as counties submit pools for testing on specific weekdays. Data reflects test results downloaded from JerseySurv on June 13, 2023

### West Nile Virus

- There have been no human cases of WNV in New Jersey in 2023.
- A total of 1306 pools from 19 counties (Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Essex, Gloucester, Hudson, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Passaic, Salem, Somerset, Sussex, Warren) have been tested for WNV
- No positive WNV pools have been identified in 2023. In 2022, the first WNV positive pool was detected in Week 22 from Burlington County.



**WNV Mosquito Pool Testing** 

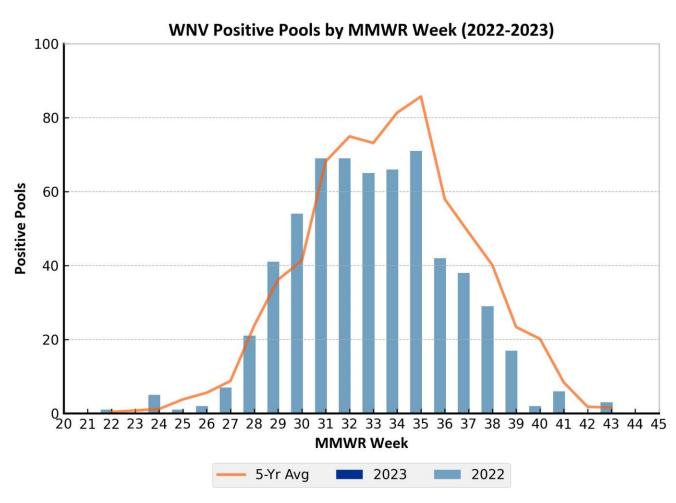
WNV Mosquito Pool Testing									
	WEEK 23 Positive			tive Pos.	# Pools	WEEK 23			
	Pools		Total (V	VEEK 23)	Tested	Vector Index			
County	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2023 <sup>t</sup>			
Atlantic					29				
Bergen									
Burlington				1	4				
Camden					34				
Cape May					81				
Cumberland					58				
Essex					39				
Gloucester					265				
Hudson					19				
Hunterdon					51				
Mercer					58				
Middlesex					43				
Monmouth					47				
Morris					78				
Ocean					47				
Passaic					25				
Salem					68				
Somerset					25				
Sussex					271				
Union									
Warren					64				
Total	-	-	-	1	1306	-			

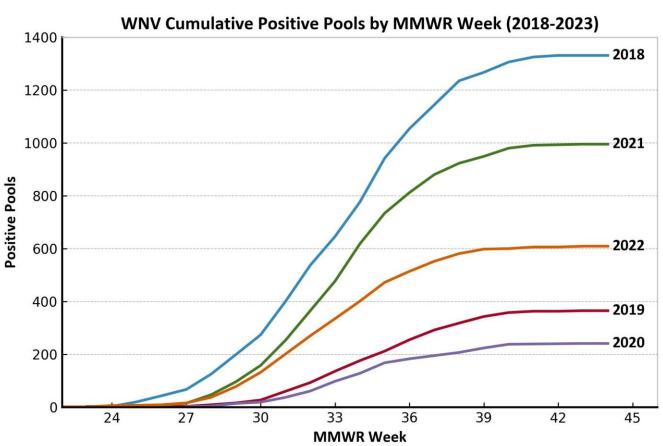
WEEK 23: June 5-11, 2022; June 4-10, 2023

WNV Vector Index, WEEK 23t



<sup>t</sup>Vector Index is calculated based on *Ae.* taeniorhynchus, *An. quadrimaculatus*, and all *Culex* species caught in gravid traps





### **2022 WNV Activity**

# ≥ 1 WNV human case ≥ 1 WNV equine case ≥ 1 WNV avian case

# **Cumulative WNV Activity, 2023**



# **Eastern Equine Encephalitis**

**WNV Positive Pools** > 50 ≤ 50 ≤ 30 ≤ 20 < 10 0

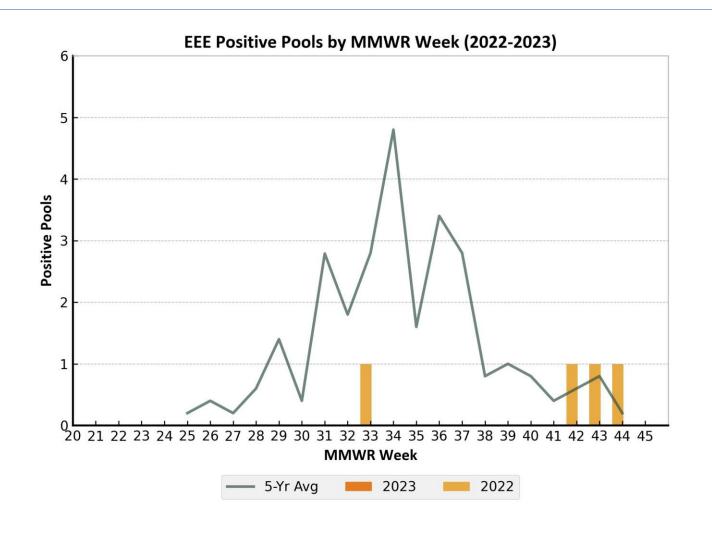
- There have been no human cases of EEE in New Jersey in 2023. EEE cases were last reported in 2019 (4 cases).
- A total of 1304 pools from 19 counties (Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Essex, Gloucester, Hudson, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Passaic, Salem, Somerset, Sussex, Warren) have been tested for EEE.
- No positive EEE pools have been identified in 2023. In 2022, the first EEE positive pool was detected in Week 33 from Morris County.

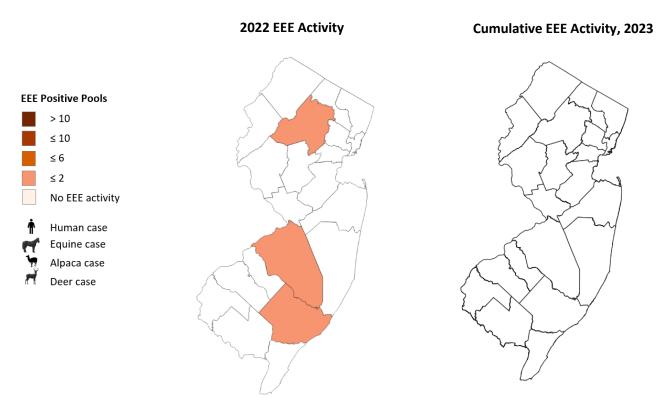
**EEE Mosquito Pool Testing** 

		EK 23		tive Pos.	# Pools	Cumulative
	Positive Pools		Total (W	/EEK 23)	Tested	MFIR
County	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2023
Atlantic					29	
Bergen						
Burlington					4	
Camden					34	
Cape May					81	
Cumberland					58	
Essex					39	
Gloucester					265	
Hudson					19	
Hunterdon					51	
Mercer					57	
Middlesex					43	
Monmouth					47	
Morris					78	
Ocean					47	
Passaic					25	
Salem					67	
Somerset					25	
Sussex					271	
Union						
Warren					64	
Total	-	-	-	-	1304	-

### **Cumulative EEE MFIR, 2023**







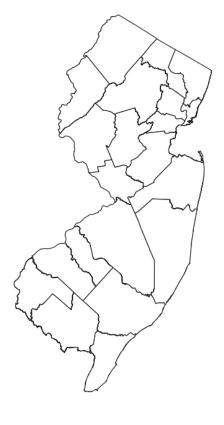
### Jamestown Canyon Virus

- There have been no human cases of JCV in New Jersey in 2023.
- JCV can be detected in early-season mosquitoes. Nine counties submitted early season mosquito pools for JCV testing, with collection dates starting the 1<sup>st</sup> week of April. A total of 1304 pools from 19 counties (Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Essex, Gloucester, Hudson, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Passaic, Salem, Somerset, Sussex, Warren) have been tested for JCV.
- No positive JCV pools have been identified in 2023. In 2022, the first JCV positive pool was detected in Week 22 (Bergen Cty).

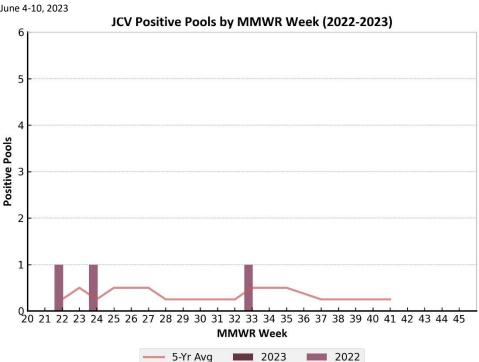
**JCV Mosquito Pool Testing** 

JCV Mosquito Pool Testing									
	WEEK 23			tive Pos.	# Pools	Cumulative			
	Positive Pools		Total (W	/EEK 23)	Tested	MFIR			
County	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2023			
Atlantic					29				
Bergen				1					
Burlington					4				
Camden					34				
Cape May					81				
Cumberland					58				
Essex					39				
Gloucester					265				
Hudson					19				
Hunterdon					51				
Mercer					57				
Middlesex					43				
Monmouth					47				
Morris					78				
Ocean					47				
Passaic					25				
Salem					67				
Somerset					25				
Sussex					271				
Union									
Warren					64				
Total	-	-	1	1	1304	-			

**Cumulative JCV MFIR, 2023** 

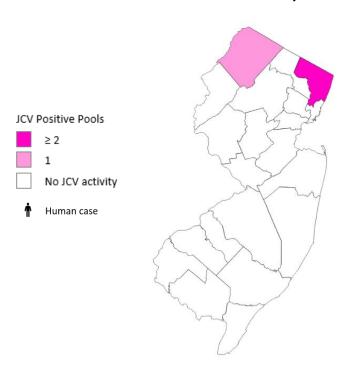


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# **2022 JCV Activity**

# **Cumulative JCV Activity, 2023**





# Other Mosquito-borne Viruses

• Mosquito pools from 19 counties have been tested for other arboviruses with no positives.

# Cumulative 2023 Mosquito Pool Testing (Other Viruses<sup>a</sup>)

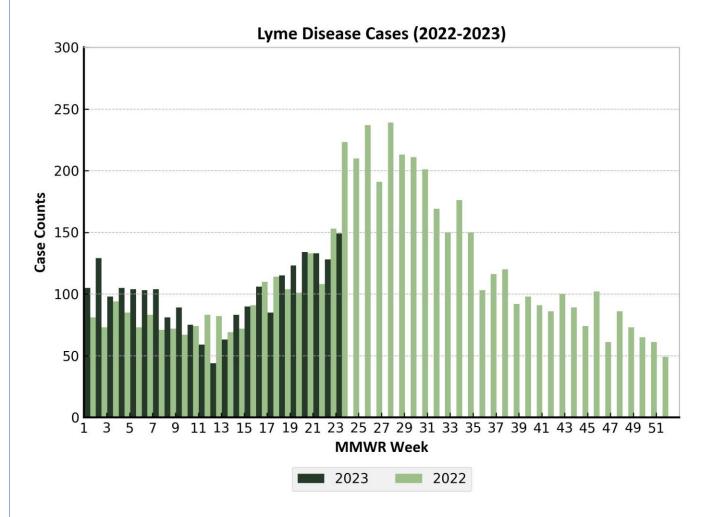
	SLE		LAC		CHIKV		DENV		ZIKV	
County	Pools	Pos								
Atlantic	29									
Bergen										
Burlington	4									
Camden	34									
Cape May	81									
Cumberland	58									
Essex	39									
Gloucester	265									
Hudson	19									
Hunterdon	51									
Mercer	57		1							
Middlesex	43									
Monmouth	47									
Morris	78									
Ocean	47									
Passaic	25									
Salem	67		1							
Somerset	25									
Sussex	271									
Union										
Warren	64									
Total	1304	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> St. Louis virus (SLE), La Crosse encephalitis (LAC), Chikungunya virus (CHIKV), Dengue virus (DENV), Zika Virus (ZIKV) Numbers in white columns represent number of pools tested to date in 2023 Number in blue shaded columns represent positive pools in 2023

### **Tick-borne Disease Activity**

### Lyme Disease

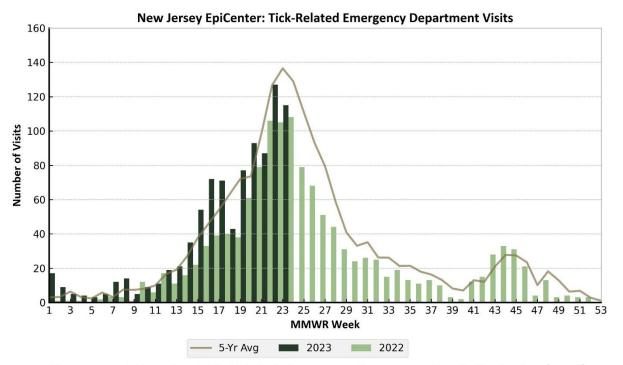
- There have been 2,305 cases of Lyme disease reported in New Jersey in 2023, including cases in all 21 counties.
- The number of cases in 2023 is similar to the number of cases reported at this time in 2022.

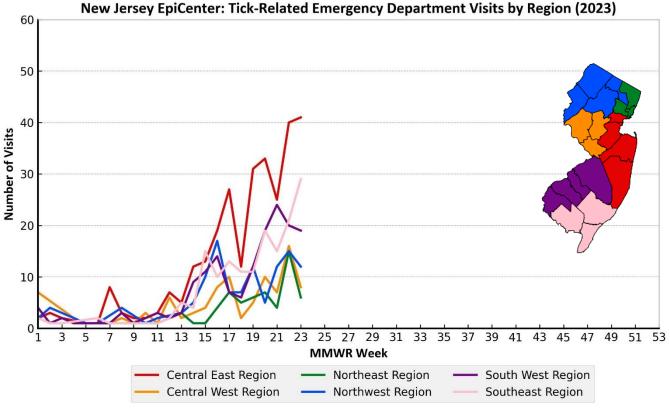


# **Tick-related Emergency Department Visits**

New Jersey's syndromic surveillance system, known as EpiCenter, receives real time Emergency Department (ED) data from 78 acute care and satellite health (99 percent reporting) facilities statewide. The system collects "chief complaint" information and limited patient registration data from existing ED computer systems. The chart below represents N.J. residents seen at emergency departments statewide with a tick-bite complaint or signs/symptoms associated with a reported tick-bite. Tick-related ED visits occur throughout the year with peak number of visits in the summer months and a smaller peak in the fall weeks when adult Ixodes scapularis (blacklegged ticks) are active.

In Week 23, the number of tick-related ED visits is higher than in 2022 but below the 5-year average.





Data reflects ED visits downloaded from EpiCenter as of June 13, 2023

### For more information

- NJDOH Communicable Disease Service: <a href="http://nj.gov/health/cd/topics/vectorborne.shtml">http://nj.gov/health/cd/topics/vectorborne.shtml</a>
- New Jersey Arboviral Activity Maps: <a href="http://bit.ly/JerseySurv">http://bit.ly/JerseySurv</a>
- NJDEP Office of Mosquito Control Coordination: <a href="http://www.nj.gov/dep/mosquito/">http://www.nj.gov/dep/mosquito/</a>
- NJDA Division of Animal Health: <a href="http://www.nj.gov/agriculture/divisions/ah/">http://www.nj.gov/agriculture/divisions/ah/</a>